

14<sup>th</sup> of November 2018  
**Mark N Ingham**  
 South Africa Equity  
 Reason for note: traders update

**Sector: Banking**  
**Stock: FirstRand**  
**Share code: FSR**  
 Share price: R69,00  
 Net shares in issue: 5,609 million  
 Market cap: R387.0 billion  
 Forward price to book: 2.8x  
 Forward PE year one: 13.3x  
 Forward PE year two: 12.3x  
 Forward dividend yield: 4.5%  
 Fair value: R57  
 Target price: R62

Stock is above fair value

*This report is confidential, issued for the information of clients of Ingham Analytics Ltd and may not be disseminated other than by prior consent. Sources referenced are reliable and opinions are formulated in good faith based on professional judgement and thorough analysis. Use hereof or action taken is done so at own risk.*

## FirstRand

### Perfection pricing

**Fair value R57 and target price R62**

**The stock is above fair value**

- I have consistently maintained FirstRand as **preferred exposure** in this sector and that the bank **warrants a premium** in the banking sector.
- But that **deserved premium is now stretched to perfection** and macro-economic wobbles or political upsets leaves FirstRand vulnerable to downward correction. We have already seen the share prices of competitor banks come off in the past week whilst FSR has flatlined.
- A year ago, you could have got a 5% yield. The stock is now R68 and the forward gross yield is 4.5%.
- The **price to book ratio** of 2.8x compares with ABSA on 1.2x, Nedbank on 1.3x, and Standard Bank on 1.5x.
- **Competitors in the Big Four also offer better dividend yield** - ABSA on a relatively chunky 7.0%, Nedbank on 5.6%, and Standard Bank on 5.5%.
- On a PE basis, the newly rebranded **ABSA** is top of the tree. It may not have the best drivers and it ranks as my least favourite of the Big Four, but cheap is cheap at a forward PE of 8.1x. Fancy **Nedbank**? The green bank can be had for 9.3x forward earnings. **Standard Bank** is 9.9x.
- What about that all-important **return on equity**, the holy grail of analysts' bank metrics?
- **FirstRand** is on 22% - which is good, well ahead of its rivals, and comparing well with a cost of capital of around 14%. This is also to do with the slightly different earnings composition of FirstRand relative to rivals. **FNB** gets a ROE of 40%, **RMB** 25%, and **WesBank** 17%. **Aldermore** in Britain will be around 13% going forward.
- **ABSA** is on 15% but even that isn't bad by world bank standards, even allowing for the higher risk and cost of capital here. **Nedbank** is also on 15% so **ABSA** isn't in shabby company. **Standard** is on 16%, only slightly ahead.
- But that ROE difference is also reflected in the rating differential. However, if you are a **yield seeker** and you know that ABSA isn't going bust any time soon then it is a no-brainer.
- **Earnings growth for all banks is going to be muted for the medium term.** **FirstRand** will be lucky to get 8% growth on average over three years. **ABSA**

will be around 6%, which is in line with nominal GDP (being essentially no real growth to speak of). **Nedbank** and **Standard Bank** I have in the FirstRand region at a nudge above 8%. So, no excitement on earnings, and there shouldn't be as all banks are constrained by low credit demand and low mortgage credit extension particularly.

- **Cost to income ratios** will be under pressure in this environment. **FirstRand** has the best efficiency ratio of 51%, which compares with **ABSA** on 57%, **Nedbank** also on 57% and **Standard** on 56%.
- In a **low growth market** with **costs sticky**, including occupancy and staff, it is going to be a challenge to keep productive resources incentivised and on board but doing more with less elsewhere. Information technology expenses, which have been on the high side for Standard, will have to be pared – and with new technologies and **new footprint light competitors such as Discovery, Tyme and Zero** climbing in, that is even more pressure.
- As I have shown before, **banks as an asset class are sensitive to bond yields**, which, are affected by negative political and fiscal factors – and South Africa has more than its fair share of those, all self-inflicted. Interest rates are finely balanced at the short end, with little to motivate material cuts, whilst long rates seem stable for now at just above 9%. **Foreigners are a big influence on the bond market, holding over 40% of domestic rand debt** and liable to head for the hills if there is a political upset.
- With the passage of time I have adjusted fair value to R57 with the target price at R62. At R69, FirstRand is above fair value.